Irish BSBI Conference March 30th, 2019

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Update on the conservation status of six rare vascular plants



EU Habitats Directive

- Report every 6 years on conservation status of species and habitats listed on the Directive
- 2015-2018: Rare plants monitoring survey carried out by BEC Consultants on behalf of NPWS to assess conservation status
- Annex II species: require designation of SACs for their conservation
- Annex V species: relates to species liable to collection in the wild



The Six Vascular Plant Species

- Annex II Killarney fern (Trichomanes speciosum = Vandenboschia speciosa)
- Annex II Marsh saxifrage (Saxifraga hirculus)
- Annex V Clubmosses: four "Lycopodium" spp.
 - Alpine clubmoss (Diphasiastrum alpinum)
 - Fir clubmoss (Huperzia selago)
 - Stag's-horn clubmoss (Lycopodium clavatum)
 - Marsh clubmoss (Lycopodiella inundata)
 - Collected for decorative purposes in parts of the world, e.g. North America, where they are much more common (e.g. *L. clavatum*)



Killarney Fern

- Damp, shady, humid habitats (e.g. ravine woodlands)
- Very sensitive to drying out
- Distribution largely western
- Stronghold in Kerry but largest single population is in Waterford
- Collected by the Victorians





Range: Favourable, stable Population: Favourable, stable Habitat for the species: Favourable, stable Pressures/Threats: None significant Future prospects: Favourable Overall Conservation Status: Favourable, stable

Gametophyte

Photos by Emer Ní Dhúill Info courtesy of NPWS

Sporophyte



Marsh Saxifrage

- Very restricted habitat: Mineral flushes in blanket bogs
- Habitat is very wet, sensitive to trampling (livestock, ecologists!)
- Restricted distribution: Co. Mayo, Co. Sligo
- Flora (Protection) Order, 2015 (S.I. No. 356/2015)
- Red List: all-Ireland population assessed as Near Threatened (Wyse Jackson *et al.*, 2016)



Range: Favourable, stable Population: Favourable, stable Habitat for the species: Favourable, stable Pressures/Threats: None significant Future prospects: Favourable Overall Conservation Status: Favourable, stable

> Photo by Maria Long Info courtesy of NPWS

Alpine clubmoss

(Diphasiastrum alpinum)

- Alpine heath
- Habitat often rocky, sparsely vegetated
- Distribution is altitudinally restricted
- Red List: all-Ireland population assessed as Near Threatened (Wyse Jackson *et al.*, 2016)



Range: Favourable, stable Population: Favourable, stable Habitat for the species: Favourable, stable Pressures/Threats: None significant Future prospects: Favourable Overall Conservation Status: Favourable, stable

> Photo by Orla Daly Info courtesy of NPWS

Fir clubmoss

(Huperzia selago)

- Much more widespread than the other clubmosses
- Generally upland distribution, mostly above 300 m, but also on lowland bogs
- Acidic, nutrient-poor, sandy or peaty soils
- Threats to the habitat from overgrazing and trampling by livestock



Range: Favourable Population: Favourable Habitat for the species: Inadequate Pressures/Threats: Overgrazing Future prospects: Inadequate Overall Conservation Status: Inadequate

> Photo by Maria Long Info courtesy of NPWS

Stag's-horn clubmoss

(Lycopodium clavatum)

- Habitat similar to Alpine clubmoss: highaltitude Alpine heath
- Red list status: Near Threatened (Wyse Jackson *et al.*, 2016)
- Current pressures from hiking, unsuitable grazing; future threats may come from forestry expansion



Range: Favourable Population: Inadequate Habitat for the species: Inadequate Pressures/Threats: Inappropriate grazing; excessive disturbance Future prospects: Inadequate Overall Conservation Status: Inadequate

> Photo by Rory Hodd Info courtesy of NPWS

Marsh clubmoss

(Lycopodiella inundata)

- Lake margins, open patches on peaty soil in heathland, flushes and bog; Lowland
- Moderate levels of disturbance beneficial (inundation, grazing, trampling): maintain open habitat
- Rarest clubmoss: FPO species
- Red list status: Vulnerable (Wyse Jackson *et al.*, 2016)
- No obvious current pressures but drainage and agricultural improvement would be damaging



Range: Favourable Population: Favourable Habitat for the species: Favourable Pressures/Threats: None significant Future prospects: Favourable Overall Conservation Status: Favourable

> Photo by Maria Long Info courtesy of NPWS

Special acknowledgements for data

- BSBI (2015-2018) Surveys of sites for Lycopodiaceae species in the Republic of Ireland, 2015-2018. Unpublished recording cards of surveys undertaken by members of the Botanical Society of Britain and Ireland (BSBI) on behalf of the National Parks and Wildlife Service, Dublin.
- BSBI (2018) Plant records extracted from the BSBI's Distribution Database following data request.
- NBDC (2018) Information from the National Biodiversity Data Centre downloaded from <u>https://maps.biodiversityireland.ie</u>.
- NPWS (2018) NPWS Irish Vascular Plants Database. Recorder 6 database of records from Ireland for protected, threatened, rare, scarce and other vascular plant species.
- Rare plants monitoring survey carried out by BEC for NPWS five Irish Wildlife Manuals forthcoming during 2019 (including two bryophyte species also surveyed).