

# AN ATLAS 2020 PROGRESS REPORT IN 10 SLIDES

BSBI / BSS Scottish Annual Meeting 2017

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#### Atlas 2020: Overall Aim

Like previous atlases it aims to:

- Produce comprehensive maps for all native and introduced taxa occurring in the wild Britain and Ireland, and
- Analyse and report on the many changes that have occurred since the last Atlas 20 years ago...



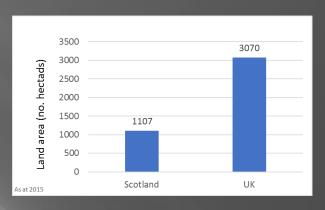
### Atlas 2020: Recording Aim

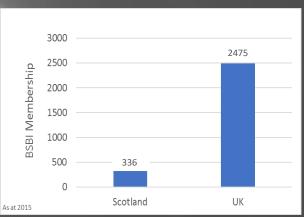
Unlike previous atlases we are recording a sample of tetrads 2x2km squares (or better) in every hectad throughout the BI

- We suggest a minimum of 5 tetrads per hectad (10x10)!
- Surveying each twice
- Just two field seasons to go

#### A BIG challenge in Scotland

- where we have one third of the total land area of the UK
- half of which is very remote and / or mountainous
- But just 12% of the BSBI membership!





Given the size of the challenge, we need to support and encourage all BSBI Recorders & members and non-members to participate fully!

### Atlas 2020: Outputs

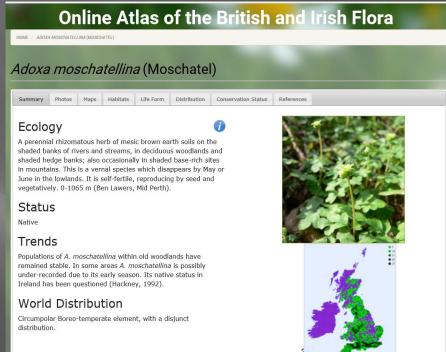
#### 1. A book

- 300-400 page hardback similar to books in NN or BW series
- Colour photographs and figures throughout
- Perhaps entitled "The State of plants in Britain & Ireland"
- It would interleave the results of Atlas 2020 with more general information of interest to a broad range of readers.
- Maps will be included

 Topics might include: Why study our wild flora? Who studies our wild flora? What shapes our wild flora? How many species do we have? Where do they occur? How and why has our flora changed? Our future flora

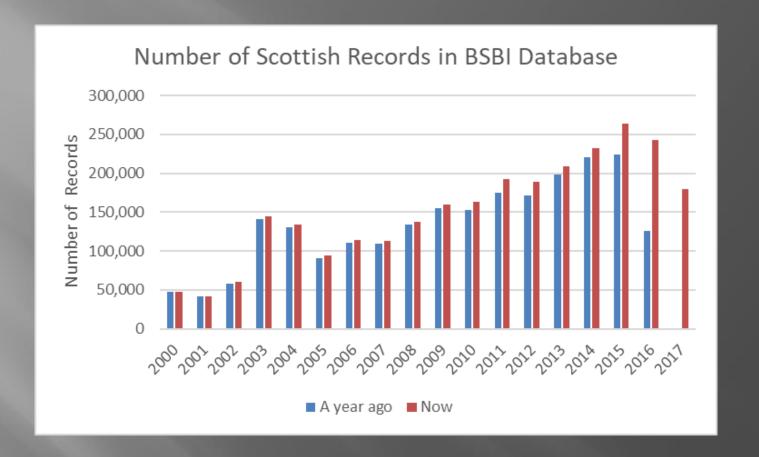
#### Atlas 2020: Outputs

- 2. Online Atlas & Smartphone App
  - With maps of all taxa covered by Atlas 2020
  - Can produce more than one map for many taxa e.g.
     Relative abundance & fine resolution maps
  - The current text will be updated to reflect changes in taxonomy, distribution, status, and the results of the analysis



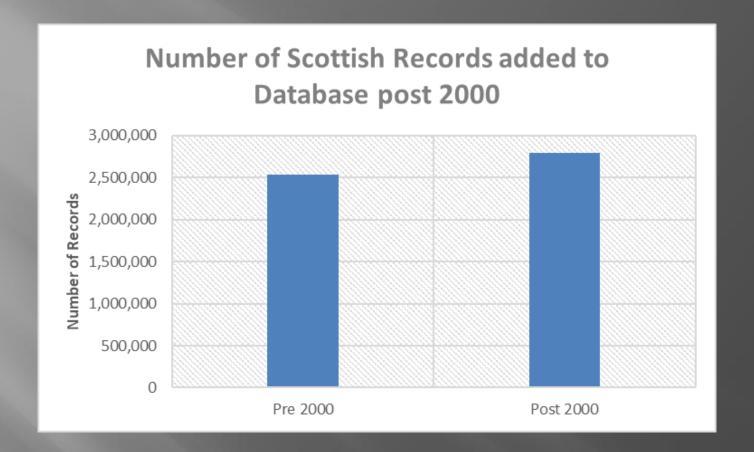
- 3. Possibly a Print-on-demand book for those who prefer the printed page
- 4. Summary for policy-makers

1

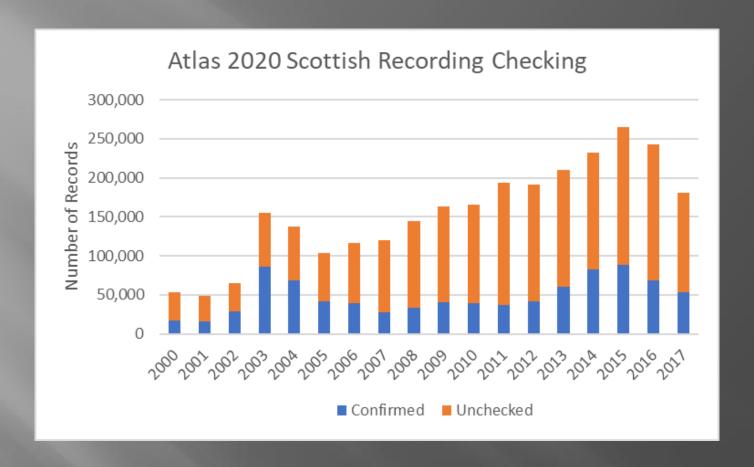


- Amazing amount of recording & digitising going on in Scotland
- Digitisation and uploading to the Database (DDb) is quicker
- Total number of records has increased rapidly over the years
- Number of records has increased for individual years

2

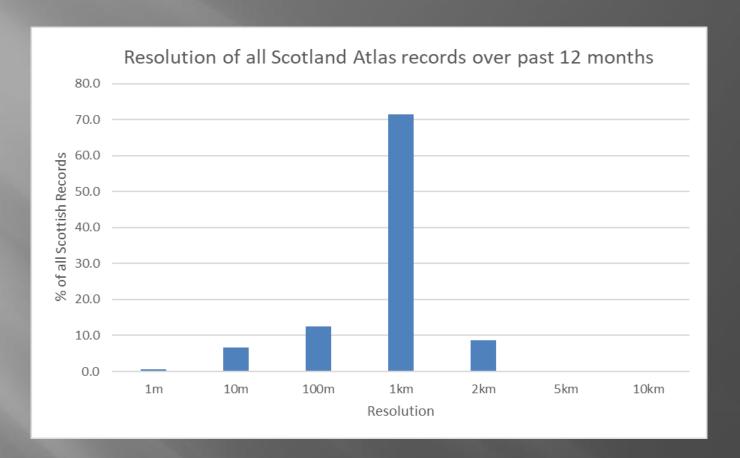


- Amazing number of pre 2000 records have been digitised and uploaded this century.
- Almost as many pre 2000 records have been digitised since the turn of the century, as post 2000 records.



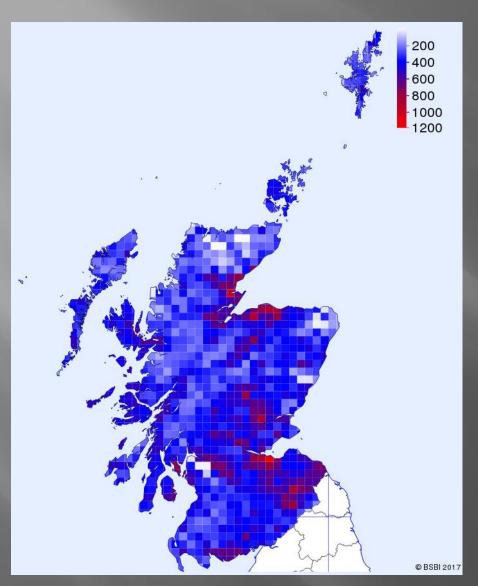
- Only a small proportion of records are being checked
- It is increasing
- Like digitisation it is best done little and often
- Ideally we'd like all records checked for Atlas 2020 at least all records of notable or less common species

4.

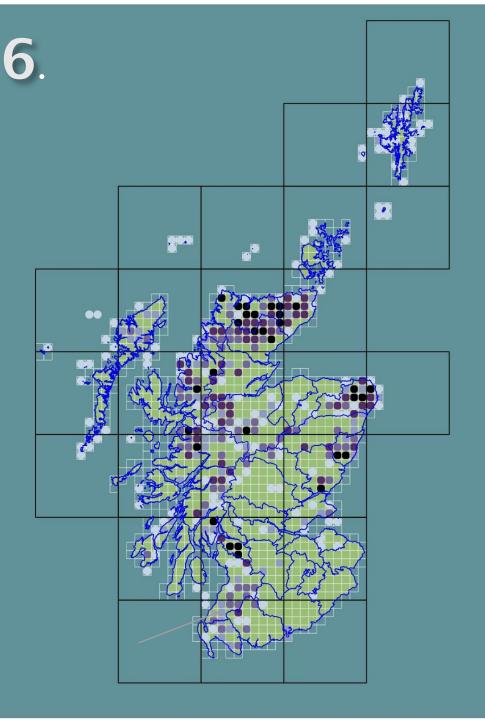


- Chart show resolution (or precision) of recording in Scotland
- Increasingly recorders are recording in monads
- More 100m (6 figure) resolution records than tetrad records
- No 5km or 10km resolution records
- Very few 1m resolution records

#### 5. Number of taxa recorded in each 10x10km square for Atlas 2020



- Map shows more taxa per hectad in central Scotland, the borders, around Inverness, in Speyside and fewer in the north & west highlands
- Some of the islands are very well recorded.
- Less well recorded areas in the south west and north east.



Number of recorded tetrads less than target (5 tetrads with 100+ taxa per whole hectad since 2000, pro rata for part hectads)

From DDb 2nd November 2017

Target met or exceeded

1 tetrad below target

2 tetrads below target

3 tetrads below target

4 tetrads below target

5 tetrads below target

## Atlas 2020 – some early findings – Scotland: The 45 species that have seen the biggest increases in the number of hectads they occupy.

Abies grandis

Abies procera

Acer platanoides

Alchemilla mollis

Berberis darwinii

Berberis thunbergii

Buddleja davidii

Carex pendula

Centaurea montana

Chamaecyparis lawsoniana

Cortaderia richardii

Crassula tillaea

Crocosmia aurea x pottsii = C. x crocosmiiflora

Crocosmia paniculata

Epilobium ciliatum

Escallonia rubra

Fuchsia magellanica

Geranium endressii x versicolor = G. x oxonianum

Geranium macrorrhizum

Gunnera tinctoria

Hyacinthoides hispanica

Hyacinthoides non-scripta x hispanica = H. x massartiana

Hypericum androsaemum

Juncus tenuis

Lamiastrum galeobdolon

Larix decidua x kaempferi = L. x marschlinsii

Ligustrum ovalifolium

Lonicera nitida

Lysichiton americanus Lysimachia punctata

Muscari armeniacum

Paeonia officinalis

Phacelia tanacetifolia

Picea sitchensis

Pinus contorta

Polygonatum multiflorum x odoratum = P. x hybridum

Pseudotsuga menziesii Rhododendron luteum

Rosa rugosa

Salix euxina

Sedum spectabile Tellima grandiflora Tsuga heterophylla

Tulipa gesneriana

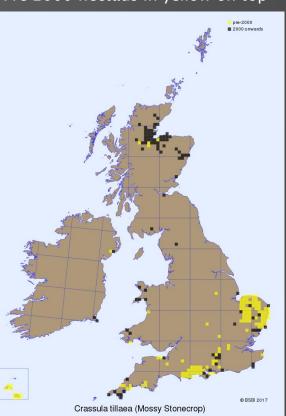
Viola altaica x lutea x tricolor = V. x wittrockiana

#### Crassula tillaea (Mossy Stonecrop)

Only recorded in 4 hectads in Scotland pre 2000. Now found in 65!



Pre 2000 hectads in yellow on top



Crassula tillaea (Mossy Stonecrop) - Fort George (E. of) (NH768566) vc96. Masses on old track. A native species (assumed alien in Scotland) with an expanding distribution.

## Atlas 2020 – some early findings – Scotland: The 45 species that have seen the biggest decreases in the number of hectads they occupy.

Arabis hirsuta Arctium nemorosum Arenaria serpyllifolia Botrychium lunaria

Callitriche brutia

Callitriche hermaphroditica

Coeloglossum viride

Euphrasia arctica

Euphrasia confusa

Euphrasia micrantha

Euphrasia nemorosa

Euphrasia scottica

Fallopia convolvulus

Festuca filiformis

Galeopsis speciosa

Glebionis segetum

Gnaphalium sylvaticum

Hieracium vulgatum

Hypericum humifusum

Isoetes lacustris

Lamium amplexicaule

Lamium confertum

Ligustrum vulgare

Lolium multiflorum

Mentha arvensis

Phleum bertolonii

Potamogeton alpinus

Potamogeton berchtoldii

Potamogeton gramineus

Potamogeton perfoliatus

Pseudorchis albida

Raphanus raphanistrum

Sagina filicaulis

Schedonorus pratensis

Sinapis arvensis

Sorbus aria

Sparganium emersum

Sparganium natans

Subularia aquatica

Trifolium hybridum

Urtica urens

Veronica agrestis

Viola canina

Viola tricolor

Vulpia bromoides

# 10. Galeopsis speciosa (Large-flowered hemp-nettle)

Used to be found in 406 hectads in Scotland pre 2000. Now only in 166!

Pre 2000 hectads in yellow on top



Found on BSBI Selkirk field meeting, July 2017

