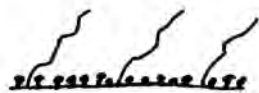


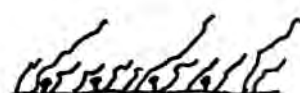
AGRIMONIA EUPATORIA / A. PROCERA

When well-developed, *A. eupatoria* L. and *A. procera* Wallr. may be separated using Stace's *New Flora*, though the following notes may help.

- i) The hypanthium may lose its characteristic bell-shaped shape in forms of *A. procera* in which a single seed is formed instead of the normal two, making it appear obconical.
- ii) Large, glandular, distinctly aromatic forms of *A. eupatoria* which can be mistaken for *A. procera*; this form has been noted in Durham.
- iii) The bristles may be reflexed to 90° in *A. eupatoria*, which is more than usually illustrated.
- iv) The petals are usually notched in *A. procera* and entire in *A. eupatoria* (V. Skalický, pers. comm. 1994).
- v) The stems and lower surface of the leaves have subsessile glands much more abundant than hairs in *A. procera* (Fig. a) and hairs much more abundant than subsessile glands in *A. eupatoria* (Fig. b).



a



b