

#### BRASSICACEAE (CRUCIFERAE)

The BSBI Handbook *Crucifers of Great Britain and Ireland* (Rich 1991) is essential reading for this family.

Specimens for identification should ideally include flowers, ripe fruit and basal and stem leaves, but many species can be named from less material with experience. Measure petals and sepals, and describe the angle that the sepals are held at. Collect material from the main stem, not side branches which often have smaller flowers/fruits, despite what this does to the appearance of the plant concerned!

#### **Key to common Crucifer genera**

The following key excludes the rarer natives and casuals covered in the *Crucifer Handbook*. Genera can then be keyed out in the *Crucifer Handbook* (or Stace's *New Flora*). Identification should be confirmed by checking at least fruit and petal sizes against the descriptions in the *Crucifer Handbook*.

#### Please note:

- i) Some leads have more than two couplets.
- ii) Taxa with over-lapping characters will key out in both leads.
- iii) Population averages are more reliable than single plants.
- iv) Full details of how to assess the characters are given in the Crucifer Handbook.

Flow	Petals blue, purple, lilac, pink, orange or red ers without petals	60
2	Individual leaflets with stalks Leaflets without stalks	Cardamine 3
3	Lateral inflorescences opposite leaf axils Lateral inflorescences in leaf axils	Coronopus Lepidium
Petal	s yellow	
4	Stem leaves absent, all leaves in basal rosette	5
4	Upper stem leaves with auricles clasping stem Upper stem leaves sessile or stalked	6
4	opper sterrileaves sessile or stained	
5	Leaves toothed or lobed to halfway	Diplotaxis muralis
	••	•
5 5 6	Leaves toothed or lobed to halfway Leaves pinnate  Glabrous or with simple hairs only	Diplotaxis muralis
5 5	Leaves toothed or lobed to halfway Leaves pinnate	Diplotaxis muralis

7	Fruits 11-71 mm	Barbarea
8	Leaves finely divided	Descurainia sophia
8	Leaves entire or lobed to halfway	Arabis
9	At least some forked or stellate hairs present	10
9	Glabrous or with simple hairs only	11
10	Leaves finely divided	Descuriania sophia
10	Leaves entire to shallowly lobed	Erysimum
11	Valves absent, fruit indehiscent	12
11	Valves present	14
12	Large glands ('warts') present on pedicels	Bunias orientalis
12	Large glands absent	13
13	Petals 11-25 mm	Raphanus
13	Petals 4-11 mm	Rapistrum
14	Pinnatifid bracteoles present on lower inflorescence	Erucastrum gallicum
14	Bracteoles absent	15
15	Beak / persistent style 0-3.5 mm	16
15	Beak / persistent style more than 4 mm	18
16	Seeds in 1 row in each loculus	Sisymbrium
16	Seeds in 2 rows in each loculus, at least in middle of fruit	17
17 17	At least larger fruits more than 23 mm long; petals usually more than 6 mm Fruits 5-23 mm; petals usually less than 6 mm long	long Diplotaxis Rorippa
18	At least some flowers with reflexed sepals	Sinapis
18	Sepals erect to spreading	19
19	Fruits 7-16 mm, appressed to stem	20
19	At least some larger fruits 16-100 mm, appressed to patent	21
20	Beak swollen with (0-)1(-2) seeds (see also page 130)	Hirschfeldia incana
20	Beak linear to conical, sterile	Brassica nigra
21 21	Terminal segment / beak sterile Terminal segment / beak with (0-)1-4 seeds	Brassica Coincya
<b>Petal</b> 22 22	s cream to white Outer petals larger than inner petals, at least on outer flowers Petals all $\pm$ same size	23 24
23 23	Petals less than 2 mm Petals 3-16 mm	Teesdalia nudicaulis Iberis
24 24 24	Stem leaves absent Upper stem leaves with auricles clasping stem Upper stem leaves sessile or petiolate	25 28 35
25	Petals cut to at least 1/4 way	Erophila

25	Petals entire or emarginate	26
26	Leaves pinnatifid	<b>Cardamine</b>
26	Leaves simple	27
27	Alpine rocks	Draba norvegica
27	Aquatic	Subularia aquatica
28	At least some forked or stellate hairs present	29
28	Glabrous or with simple hairs only	31
29 29	Fruits ± triangular Fruits linear to elliptic	Capsella bursa-pastoris 30
30 30	Fruits linear, 17-90 mm long Fruits elliptic to lanceolate, to 12 mm long	Arabis Draba
31	Fruits linear; lateral leaflets stalked	Cardamine
31	Fruits elliptic to triangular	32
32	1 seed per loculus	Lepidium
32	More than 1 seed per loculus	33
33	Fruit winged, at least at apex	Thlaspi
33	Fruit not winged	34
34 34	Fruit ± triangular Fruit ± elliptic	Capsella bursa-pastoris Cochlearia
35 35	At least some branched or stellate hairs present on stem or leaves (× 10 Glabrous or with simple hairs	lens) 36 43
36	Petals 1-5 mm	37
36	Petals 5-33 mm	40
37	Fruits linear	38
37	Fruits elliptic to circular	39
38	Annual	Arabidopsis thaliana
38	Biennial-perennial	Arabis
39	Fruit 1-seeded	Lobularia maritima
39	Fruit many seeded	Draba
40 40 41 41	Petals 5-9 mm Petals 9-30 mm Seeds flat, winged Seeds irregularly cylindrical, not winged	Arabis 41 Matthiola 42
42	Petals 9-18 mm	Malcolmia maritima
42	Petals 17-30 mm	Hesperis matronalis
43 43 43 43	Petals less than 2 mm Petals 2-5 mm Petals 5-11 mm Petals 11-30 mm	44 46 52 59

44	Lateral inflorescences opposite leaves	Coronopus squamatus
44	Lateral inflorescences in leaf axils	45
45	Stem leaves regularly pinnate	Hornungia petraea
45	Stem leaves simple to lobed	Lepidium
46	Fruits circular to obovate	47
46	Fruits linear to elliptic	48
47	Fruit winged, at least at apex	Lepidium
47	Fruit not winged	Lobularia maritima
48	Leaves pinnatifid to pinnate	49
48	Leaves entire to weakly lobed	50
49	Fruits ± terete	Rorippa (Nasturtium)
49	Fruits ± flattened	Cardamine
50 50	Garlic-scented when crushed; fruits $\pm$ terete Not garlic scented; fruits $\pm$ flattened	Alliaria petiolata 51
51	Annual	Arabidopsis thaliana
51	Perennial-biennial	Arabis
52 52	Fruits ± round; inner filaments toothed Fruits linear to elliptic; filaments not toothed	Crambe 53
53	Fleshy seashore plant; 2 distinct parts to fruit (like a mitre)	<b>Cakile</b>
53	Not fleshy; fruits with 1 distinct part	54
54 54	Fruits ± flattened Fruits ± terete (rounded in cross-section)	55 56
55	Leaves with distinct leaflets, pinnate to pinnatifid	Cardamine
55	Leaves entire to lobed to half way	Arabis
56	Fruits 5-26 mm	Nasturtium
56	Fruits 30-100 mm	57
57	Smelling of garlic when crushed when fresh	Alliaria
57	Not smelling of garlic	Sisymbrium
58	Fruits 15-35 mm wide, flat	Lunaria
58	Fruits up to 15 mm wide, flat or not	59
59 59	Valves present on fruits; lateral leaflets stalked Valves absent; fruits indehiscent	Cardamine 60
60	Leaves fleshy, glaucous; inner filaments toothed	Crambe
60	Leaves thin, green; filaments not toothed	Raphanus
<b>Peta</b> l 61 61	Is blue purple, lilac, pink, orange or red Upper stem leaves with auricles clasping stem Upper stem leaves sessile or stalked	62 63

62 62	Fruits linear Fruits elliptic to triangular	Arabis return to lead 31
63 63	At least some forked or stellate hairs present on stem or leaves ( $\times$ 10 lens) Glabrous or with simple hairs only	64 70
64 64	Fruits circular to elliptic Fruits ± linear	65 66
65	Petals 2-4.5 mm	Lobularia maritima
65	Petals 12-28 mm	Aubrieta deltoidea
66	Petals 4-9 mm	<b>Arabis</b>
66	Petals 9-30 mm	67
67	Seeds ± irregularly cylindrical	68
67	Seeds flattened	69
68	Petals 9-18 mm	Malcolmia maritima
68	Petals 17-30 mm	Hesperis matronalis
69	Stigma 2-lobed	Erysimum
69	Stigma entire, with or without lateral horns	Matthiola
70	Fruits 15-35 mm wide, flat	<b>Lunaria annua</b>
70	Fruits up to 15 mm wide, flat or not	71
71	Fruit winged	<b>Lepidium sativum</b>
71	Fruit not winged	72
72	Plant hairy	73
72	Plant glabrous	76
73 73	Fruit 2-4.5 mm, $\pm$ circular Fruits more than 5 mm, $\pm$ linear	<b>Lobularia maritima</b> 74
74	Fleshy seaside plant	Cakile maritima
74	Not fleshy	75
75 75	At least larger petals more than 10 mm Petals 4-10 mm	Erysimum Arabis
76	Leaves with distinct leaflets; not fleshy	<b>Cardamine</b>
76	Leaves simple to lobed; fleshy	77
77 77	Fruits with two distinct parts like a mitre Fruits elliptic with only one part	Cakile maritima Cochlearia